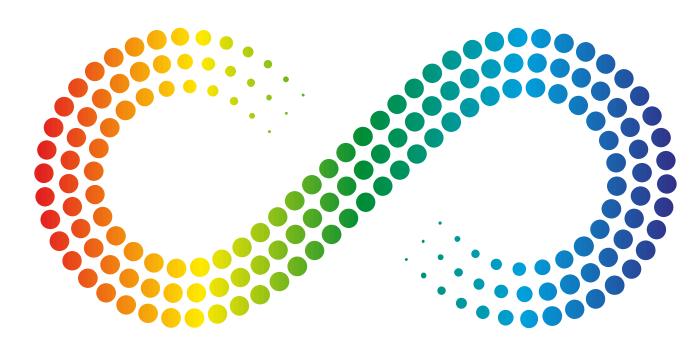
Molecular Seeding Technology: Enabling Display and Sensing Applications of the Future

NANOCO

Dr Nigel Pickett September 2024



Nanoco at a Glance



Business Description

Status: Public (LON: NANO)

Founded: 2001

Headquarters: Runcorn, UK **Employees: 53** (16 PhDs)



Leader in the R&D, licensing and manufacture of high performing semiconductor nanoparticles

Key strengths include:

- → Pioneer in cadmium-free quantum dots (CFQD® materials)
- → IP protected
- → Large scale production facility Runcorn UK
- → Large patent portfolio (> 350 patents and patent application), with licensees including Samsung and Dow
- → Unique IP-protected scale-up capability
- → Key patents validated by PTAB in US

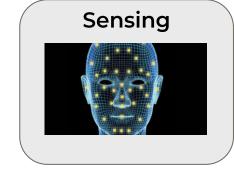




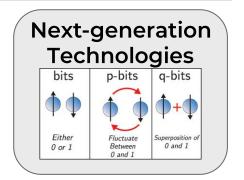




Serving multiple large and diverse end markets







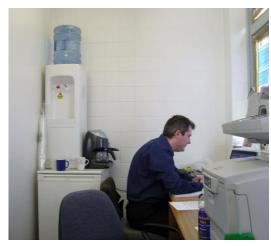
Company Origins



- → 2000: most electronic devices produced by solid-state processes
- → Mass produce: need cheap solution process methods
 - → Quantum dots (QDs) fit in as solution, e.g. inkjet printing, spin-coating, dip-pen lithography
- → 2001: Nanoco founded to address this problem
 - → Large-scale manufacture of high quality QDs, especially III-V materials
 - → Less toxic materials

Strengths

- → Nanoparticle synthesis, particularly III-V QDs
- → Scale-up
 - → ISO 9001 & 14001 accredited



Early 2000s – Office in converted men's toilet at UoM

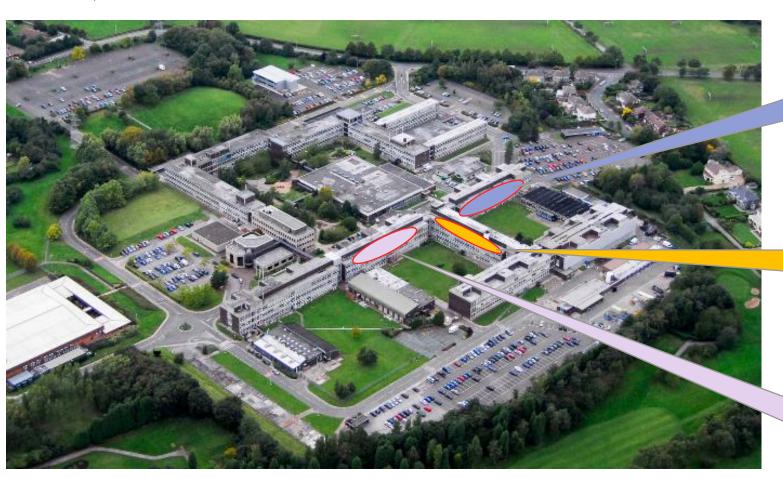


2024 – R&D and production facility in Runcorn

Location



- → Nanoco's 30,000 ft² facility located in Runcorn, Cheshire
- → Shared site former ICI R&D centre
- → Nanoco is single largest tenant
- → All operations on this one site



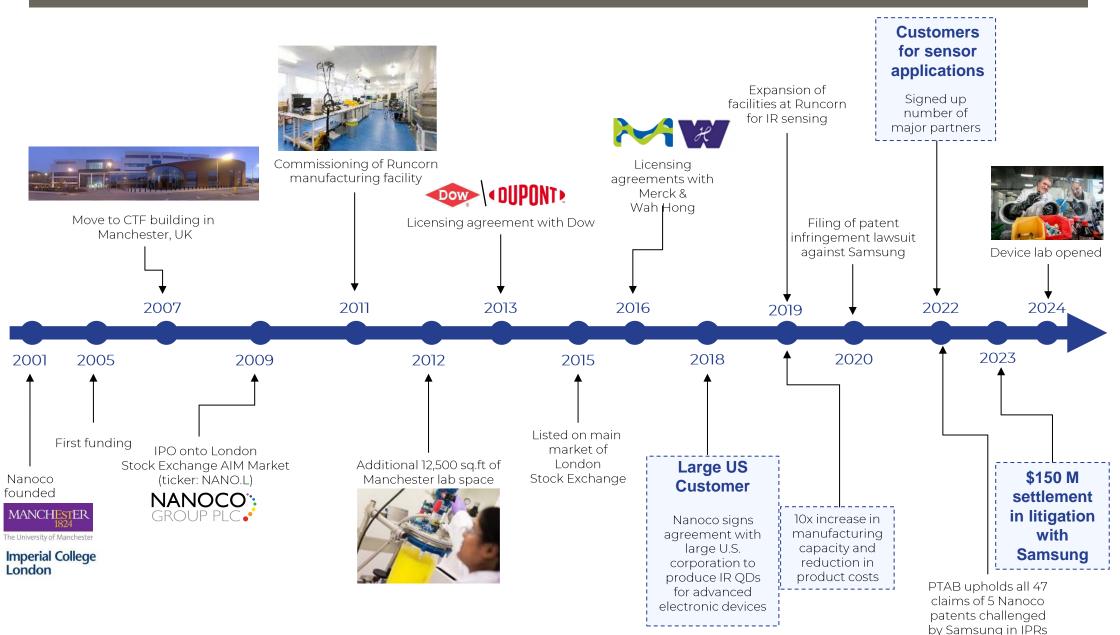
Block 1 – large-scale production facility

Block 2 – device facility

Block 3 – materials R&D

A Pioneer in Quantum Dot Technology



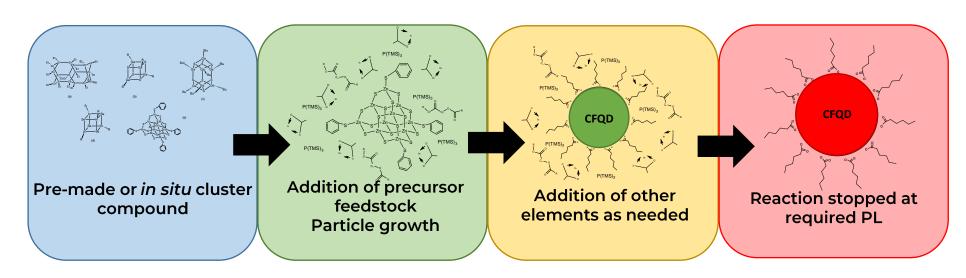


Molecular Seeding Technology: Industrial Process



- → Main barrier was scale-up
- → "Molecular seeding" process: molecular cluster compound acts as nucleation site for QD growth
 - → Seed formed prior to/at early stage of synthesis
 - → Removes need for high temperature injection step
- → Easily scalable
- → Works very well for many nanomaterials, e.g. III-V
- → Cost-effective on large scale
- → IP fully validated in US by PTAB and licensed to Samsung

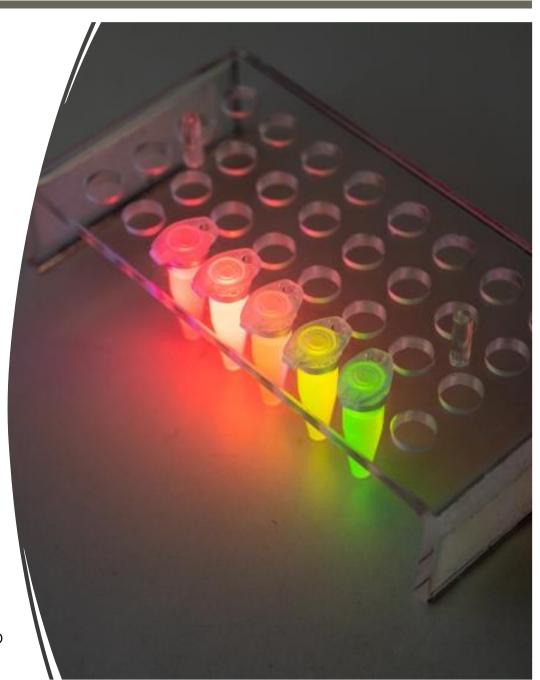




Intellectual Property

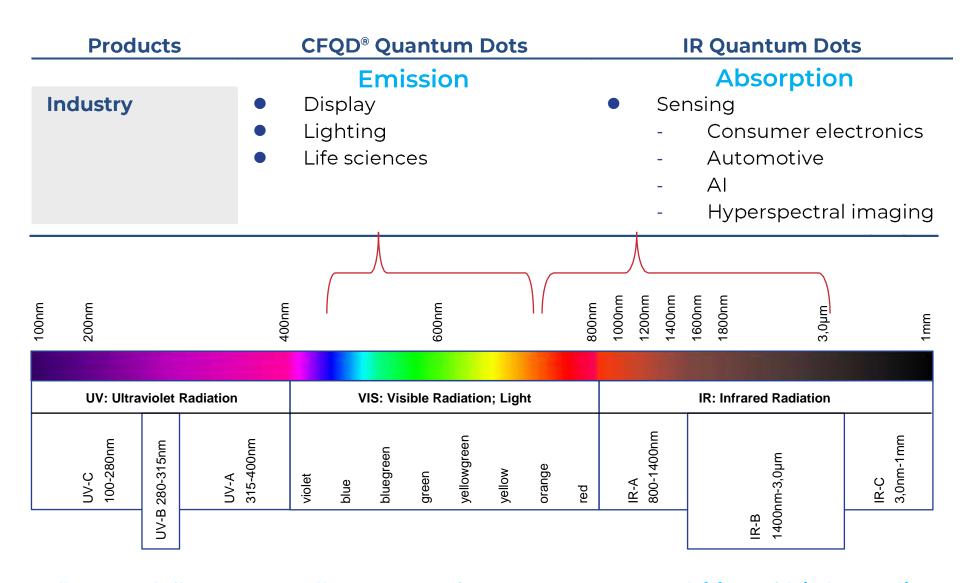


- → As a small company, IP is critical to Nanoco's success
- → Large IP portfolio covering:
 - → Materials
 - Synthesis
 - Compositions
 - Functionalisation
 - → Encapsulation
 - → Devices
- → "Molecular seeding" patents fully validated during litigation with Samsung settled for \$150 million
- → Independent expert opinion that III-V (i.e. Cd-free) QDs cannot be made on a commercial scale without infringing Nanoco's IP
- → Licensees include Samsung and Dow
- → Continuing to innovate and protect our IP



Quantum Dots - a "Platform Technology"





"Dot only" strategy allows us to focus on core capability of high quality nanomaterials development and scale-up, tailored for partners' applications

R&D, Scale-up, Production & Device Capabilities

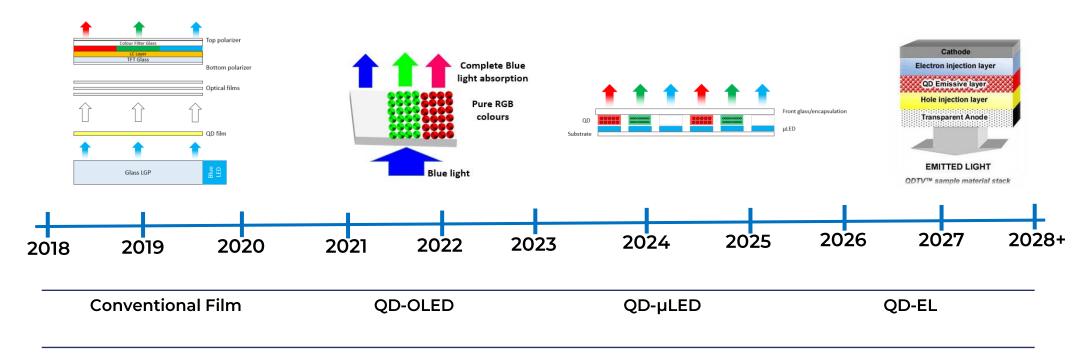




QD Display Technology Roadmap



Nanoco active in display – mainly IP & royalties



- → Next implementation µLED presents similar issues to OLED in terms of inhibitive cost
- → Need QDs; most other phosphors are not soluble for inkjet printing
 - → Needs add-on
 - → One way is to integrate sensors into displays

Markets and Applications



Potential **DISPLAY** applications



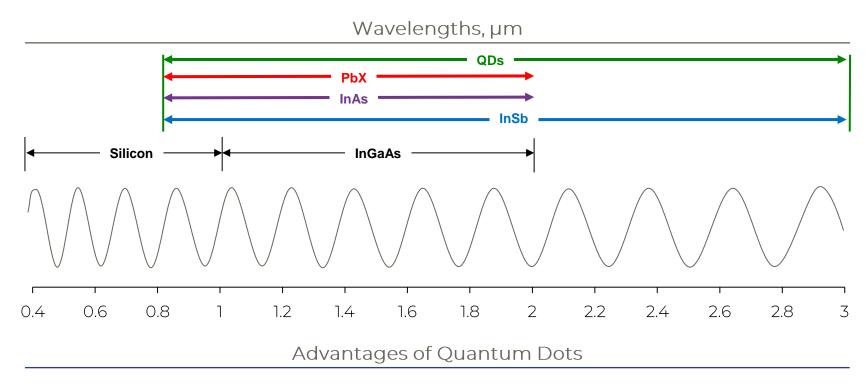
Potential **SENSING** applications



Why Quantum Dots for Sensing Applications?



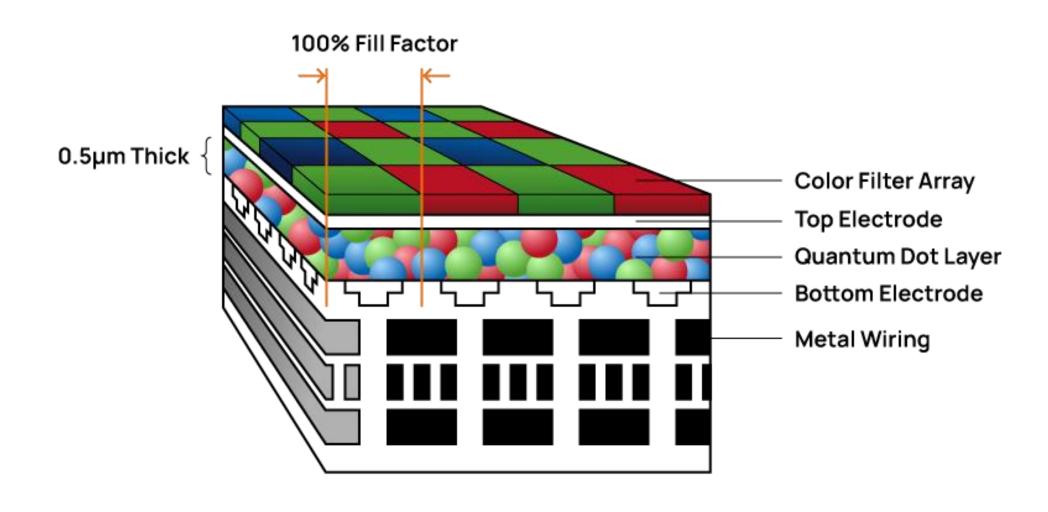
QDs expand absorption range of silicon sensors into the infrared at lower cost than InGaAs



- → Process compatible with silicon CMOS technology
- → More sensitive, thinner, lower power sensors
- → Expand working dynamic range of CMOS devices
- → Inexpensive alternative to current InGaAs technology
- → Nanoco's role in stack is QDs
- → Work closely with device partners iterative process

Why Quantum Dots for Sensing Applications?

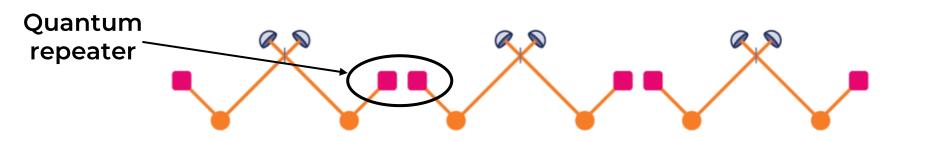




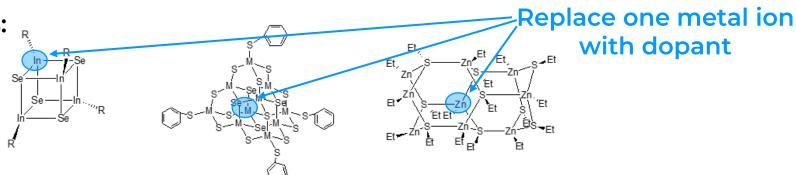
Future: Quantum Technologies



- → Another area where molecular seeding process may enhance technology is in development of singly-doped colloidal QDs for quantum technologies
- → Quantum communications networks currently limited to ~ 500 km
 - → "Trusted nodes" being developed to extend range, but need human intervention so can be compromised
- → Alternative is to use "quantum memory" as quantum repeater to amplify signal



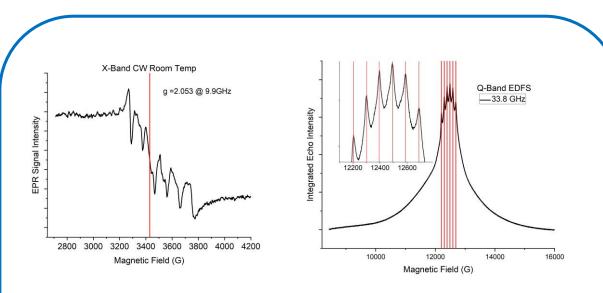
Singly-doped clusters:



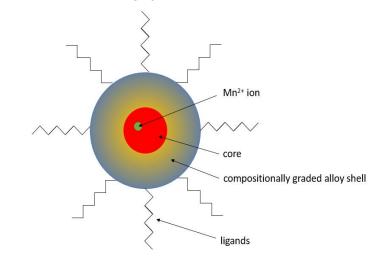
Singly-doped Colloidal QDs for Quantum Technology



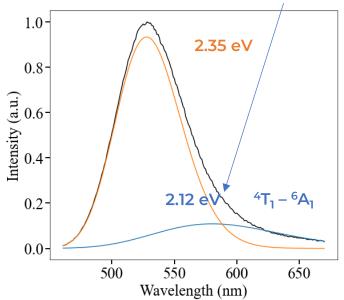
- → Nanoco has designed singly-doped cluster as building block for singly-doped QDs
- → Precise doping with one dopant ion only per QD
- → Proof-of-concept demonstrated
- → Next step to build nano-antenna device demonstrator



- → EPR spectra show six peaks, characteristic of six spin states of Mn²⁺
- → Sharp peaks, especially in Q-band, consistent with doping of QDs with single Mn²⁺



Consistent with combined QD and Mn²⁺ emission



Summary



- → Pioneer in nanomaterials synthesis
- → Strong IP portfolio relating to:
 - → Materials
 - → Scale-up
 - → Surface functionalisation
 - → Formulation
 - → Device integration
- → Validated IP licensed, with licensees including Samsung
- → Current focus on sensing and displays
- → Continuing to innovate and explore new areas such as quantum technologies







